Supplementary/Appendix:

Appendix 1: Patient at risk of seizures categories (EEG monitoring pathway)

Strong recommendations:

- I) patients with persistently altered mental status after seizures,
- II) patients with acute supratentorial brain injury with altered mental state,
- III) PICU patients without primary brain injury and fluctuating or unexplained alteration in mental status.

Weak recommendations

- IV) patients at risk of seizures that are under pharmacological paralysis and
- V) paroxysmal events suspected by PICU personnel to be seizures.

Specifically, at CHQ:

PICU patients that are comatose or intubated and ventilated and cannot be safely lightened for clinical assessment or infants aged less than 2 years where one of the following risk factors is present:

- 1. suspicion of non-convulsive seizures among encephalopathic patients (with or without concomitant muscle relaxation):
- 2. Recent clinical seizure or SE with delayed return to baseline conscious state (>60 min after seizure medication); earlier if clinical evidence of continued seizures or clinical concerns
- 3. Encephalopathy with suspicion of electrographic seizures especially autoimmune encephalitis
- 4. Recent stroke (ischemic, haemorrhagic, sinovenous thrombosis = CSVT) with clinical seizures
- 5. Recent stroke (ischemic, haemorrhagic, sinovenous thrombosis) in children < 5 years of age with or without clinical seizures
- 6. Known Epilepsy diagnosis and high risk of subclinical seizures
- 7. Structural brain abnormality with high risk of subclinical seizures
- 8. ECMO with suspicion of seizures or brain injury
- 9. Recent cardiac procedure with suspicion of seizures in infants < 2 years of age
- 10. Suspected electrographic seizures in patients with unexplained altered mental status
- 11. Intracranial haemorrhage including TBI, SAH, ICH
- 12. Acute brain injury and prolonged use of muscle relaxants (e.g. drowning, neonatal HIE, recent cardiac arrest)
- 13. neonatal HIE patients in PICU for other reasons within 5 days of their acute insult
- 14. Acute supratentorial brain injury with altered mental state (moderate/severe TBI (accidental or NAI), CNS infections, recent neurosurgical procedures, brain tumours, HIE, sepsis associated encephalopathy)

Appendix 2: Data collection parameters and source

Table 3. Variables and definitions

Variable	Definition	Data collection
QEEG		
Seizure (no clinical)	≥ 3 QEEG trends indicative of seizure, no	QEEG comment
certain	observed clinical manifestations	
Seizure (clinical) certain	≥ 3 QEEG trends indicative of seizure,	QEEG comment
	observed clinical manifestations	
Status epilepticus (no	≥ 3 QEEG trends indicative of seizure, lasting > 10	QEEG comment
clinical) certain	min OR multiple seizures occur per hour making	
•	up more than 10 min, no observed clinical	
	manifestations	
Status epilepticus	≥ 3 QEEG trends indicative of seizure, lasting > 10	QEEG comment
(clinical) certain	min OR multiple seizures occur per hour making	
(Similar) certain	up more than 10 min, observed clinical	
	manifestations	
QEEG screened hourly	Bedside clinician has assessed QEEG 1-hour epoch	QEEG comment
Time to seizure	Date/time stamp of seizure certain comment on	QEEG comment
recognition QEEG	QEEG	
Seizure event verified by	Date/time stamp of seizure confirmed comment	QEEG comment
neurologist	on QEEG	
Event confirmed "not	Date/time stamp of Event confirmed "not seizure"	QEEG comment
seizure" by neurologist	comment on QEEG	
EEG	,	
EEG duration	EEG start and stop date/time	EEG annotation
Seizures present (yes/no)	Clinical or subclinical seizures present on cEEG	EEG annotation
(, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 0	expert review	
Seizures clinical (yes/no)	Clinical manifestations present on video or	EEG annotation
(, co,,	annotations	
Seizure duration	Seizure onset and offset	EEG annotation
Seizure duration category	< 1 min	EEG annotation
Total of the state	1-5 min	
	> 5 min	
Spatial extension of	focal (≤ 4 unilateral electrodes involved)	EEG annotation
seizure	hemispheric (unilateral but > 4 electrodes	LEG dimotation
Seizure	involved)	
	generalized/bilateral (bilateral, > 4 electrodes	
	involved)	
Electrographic status	a single seizure lasting > 10min or recurrent	EEG annotation
	_ =	LEG amilitation
epilepticus	seizures totalling > 10 min in any 1-h period	
Chabina amiliametrico altret	(hourly seizure burden > 10%)	FFC annatation
Status epilepticus clinical	Clinical manifestations present on video or	EEG annotation
(yes/no)	annotations	
EEC hackground	normal or codated close	EEC apparation
EEG background	normal or sedated sleep	EEG annotation
category	slow and disorganized	
	discontinuous or burst suppression	
	attenuated and featureless	

Time to seizure recognition cEEG	Date/time stamp of seizure annotation on cEEG	EEG annotation
Spike amplitude	average amplitude during electrographic seizures	EEG annotation
B	as ≤ 50 μV or > 50μV.	
Patient characteristics		T
Gender	Male, female	EEG request
		form
Age	Years, months, days	EEG request
		form
Primary diagnosis or	Refractory status epilepticus	EEG request
indication for cEEG	Encephalopathy with suspicion of electrographic	form
	seizures	
	Recent stroke	
	(ischemic, haemorrhagic, sinovenous thrombosis)	
	Epilepsy (history of seizures)	
	Structural brain malformation	
	ECMO and suspicion of brain injury	
	Cardiac procedure and suspicion of brain injury	
	Traumatic brain injury (TBI)	
	Non-accidental injury (NAI)	
	CNS infection (meningitis/encephalitis)	
	Recent neurosurgical procedure (postoperative	
	craniotomy)	
	Brain tumour	
	Hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy (HIE)	
Daine and disabases	Sepsis associated encephalopathy	Flacture in the
Primary discharge	systemic disease,	Electronic
category/factor for risk of	acute seizures,	medical record
seizures	acute brain injury	
Time to seizure	Date/time stamp of chart entry referencing	Electronic
recognition chart	seizure recognition and/or management	medical record
Hospital length of stay	Date/time of hospital admission and discharge	Electronic
(LOS)		medical record
PICU LOS	Date/time of PICU admission and discharge	Electronic
		medical record
Adverse events	Pressure areas related to EEG electrode	Electronic
	placement	medical record

EEG: electroencephalogram; cEEG: continuously monitored electroencephalogram; QEEG: quantitative electroencephalogram; ECMO: extracorporeal membrane oxygenation; CNS: central nervous system; PICU: paediatric intensive care unit; LOS: length of stay