Supplementary Document 1a. Healthy Parent Carers intervention details

The details of the intervention are also reported in the intervention development paper (Borek et al., 2018) and the feasibility study protocol (Bjornstad et al., 2019). The results of the feasibility study are reported separately. The intervention details below are reported using the checklist for reporting of group-based interventions (Borek et al., 2015).

INTERVENTION DESIGN					
1. Intervention source or	Developed based on an intervention mapping approach				
development methods	(Bartholomew et al., 2016), in partnership with parent carers.				
	Details are described in Borek et al., 2018.				
2. General setting	Community setting (with 6 sites/venues)				
3. Venue characteristics	6 sites/venues, with different characteristics (2 special				
	schools, 1 children's hospice, 1 Parent Carer Forum premises,				
	1 adult learning community venue, and 1 hotel regularly used				
	for parent carer meetings).				
	All rooms set up to enable interaction between participants				
	(i.e. facing each other).				
4. Total number of group sessions	6 or 12 sessions				
5. Length of group sessions	6 daytime sessions of 4 hours (2 modules per session)				
	or 12 evening sessions of 2 hours (1 module per session)				
6. Frequency of group sessions	Weekly				
7. Duration of the intervention	6 or 12 weeks				
INTERVENTION CONTENT					
8. Change mechanisms or	The intervention logic model and intended mechanisms of				
theories of change	change are reported in Borek et al., 2018. In brief, the				
	intervention aimed to increase knowledge of health-related				
	behaviours, skills in making health-related changes, improve				
	attitudes towards change, increase self-efficacy, and provide				
	social support to make changes, leading to behaviour change				
	(based on CLANGERS) and psychological change (increased				
	empowerment and resilience), leading to improved health				
9. Change techniques	and wellbeing.				
9. Change techniques	Provide/exchange information about behaviour-health link				
	link • Provide/eychange instructions on practical strategies				
	Provide/exchange instructions on practical strategies Prompt begging identification and problem solving.				
	Prompt barrier identification and problem solving Prompt practice				
	Prompt practice Prompt specific goal setting (for behaviours)				
	Prompt specific goal setting (for behaviours)Prompt use of prompts and rewards				
	Prompt self-monitoring				
	Prompt goal/progress review (behaviours)				
	Provide general support and encouragement				
	Provide general support and encouragement Provide opportunities for social comparisons				
10. Session content	12 modules:				
10. Session content	Introduction to health and wellbeing				
	Introduction to Health and Wellberng Introduction to CLANGERS				
	3. Connect				
	4. <u>L</u> earn				
	5. be Active				
	6. take <u>N</u> otice				
	7. <u>G</u> ive				
	8. <u>E</u> at well				

	9. Relax			
	10. Sleep well			
	11. Managing stress			
	12. Keeping healthy			
11. Sequencing of sessions	Yes – sessions delivered sequentially (as above)			
12. Participants' materials	In the sessions: goal setting and CLANGERS diary sheets given			
·	to participants, and other materials as parts of group			
	activities.			
	Online Healthy Parent Carers materials (written information			
	for each module, links to videos watched in the sessions)			
13. Activities during the sessions	Each session started with a 'warm-up' activity and a review of			
	the past week. This was followed by discussions focused on			
	the topic of each module (e.g. 'what does it mean to you to			
	relax? How do you relax? Why is relaxing important? What			
	might stop you from, or help you, relax?). For each module			
	there was a practical activity to help illustrate the key			
	messages or the CLANGERS (e.g., colouring, 'a day in life of a			
	parent carer', a mindful walk). For details, see Borek et al.,			
	2018.			
14. Methods for checking fidelity	Checklists were completed by the facilitators after each			
of delivery	session; a sample of audio-recordings of group sessions were			
	checked using the checklist independently (double-checking)			
	by two researchers. Details are reported separately.			
PARTICIPANTS				
15. Group composition	Parent carers, all female, except for two groups one of which			
	had one male carer, the other of which had two. Ages ranged			
46.00 11 16	from 26-71 years (mean 42.5 years)			
16. Methods for group allocation	Participants were recruited locally for each site (then			
47 Continuity of posticinants/	randomised to the group intervention or control).			
17. Continuity of participants'	The same participants remained in the same group for the			
group membership	duration of the intervention.			
18. Group size	7-10 participants were assigned per group. The attendance varied between sessions and groups (lowest attendance			
	being 2 participants over 6 sessions). Details of attendance			
	are reported separately.			
FACILITATORS	are reported separatery.			
19. Number of facilitators	2 facilitators per group: one lead facilitator (LF) and one			
13. Number of facilitators	assistant facilitator (AF).			
	SSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS			
	Overall 2 LF and 6 AF delivered the programme			
20. Continuity of facilitators'	The same pairs of LF and AF facilitated the same groups.			
group assignment	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
21. Facilitators' professional	LF: experienced facilitators of training for parent carers			
background	delivered through the Council for Disabled Children (e.g., the			
	Expert Parent Programme).			
	AF: three had some experience of facilitating parent carer			
	groups and/or training.			
22. Facilitators' personal	All facilitators were parent carers. Both LF were female and			
characteristics	one of the six AFs was male.			
23. Facilitators' training in	LF received 4 (2 x 2) days of training in delivering the			
intervention delivery	programme; one block of 2 days of these were delivered			
•	, · = ·			

	together for lead and assistant facilitators, LFs and AFs also received one day of refresher training.	
24. Facilitators' training in group facilitation	LF were trained and experienced in group facilitation as part of their facilitator/trainer roles for the Council of Disabled Children.	
	All facilitators received an overview of facilitating groups and managing group dynamics as part of the training in delivering the intervention.	
25. Facilitators' materials	Facilitators delivered the sessions using a manual with instructions outlining all session activities.	
26. Intended facilitation style	Participant-centred, interactive, and discussion-based (not didactic).	

Supplementary Document 1b. TIDieR checklist for HPC intervention



The TIDieR (Template for Intervention Description and Replication) Checklist*:

Information to include when describing an intervention and the location of the information

Item	Item	Where located **	
number		Primary paper	Other † (details)
		(page or appendix	
		number)	
	BRIEF NAME		
1.	Provide the name or a phrase that describes the intervention.	p4	
	WHY		
2.	Describe any rationale, theory, or goal of the elements essential to the intervention.	p4	
	WHAT		
3.	Materials: Describe any physical or informational materials used in the intervention, including those	p5	Box 1
	provided to participants or used in intervention delivery or in training of intervention providers.		
	Provide information on where the materials can be accessed (e.g. online appendix, URL).		
4.	Procedures: Describe each of the procedures, activities, and/or processes used in the intervention,	p6	Supplementary
	including any enabling or support activities.		document 1a
			parts 8-13
	WHO PROVIDED		
5.	For each category of intervention provider (e.g. psychologist, nursing assistant), describe their	p5	Box 2,
	expertise, background and any specific training given.		Supplementary
			document 1a
			parts 21-25
	HOW		
6.	Describe the modes of delivery (e.g. face-to-face or by some other mechanism, such as internet or	p5	Box 1
	telephone) of the intervention and whether it was provided individually or in a group.		

	WHERE		
7.	Describe the type(s) of location(s) where the intervention occurred, including any necessary	p5	Supplementary
	infrastructure or relevant features.		document 1a,
			parts 2-3
	WHEN and HOW MUCH		
8.	Describe the number of times the intervention was delivered and over what period of time including	p5	Supplementary
	the number of sessions, their schedule, and their duration, intensity or dose.		document 1a,
			parts 4-7
	TAILORING		
9.	If the intervention was planned to be personalised, titrated or adapted, then describe what, why,	N/A	
	when, and how.		
	MODIFICATIONS		
10.‡	If the intervention was modified during the course of the study, describe the changes (what, why,	N/A	
	when, and how).		
	HOW WELL		
11.	Planned: If intervention adherence or fidelity was assessed, describe how and by whom, and if any	p7	Supplementary
	strategies were used to maintain or improve fidelity, describe them.		document 4;
			Bjornstad et al.
			(2021)
12. [‡]	Actual: If intervention adherence or fidelity was assessed, describe the extent to which the	p7	
	intervention was delivered as planned.		

^{**} **Authors** - use N/A if an item is not applicable for the intervention being described. **Reviewers** – use '?' if information about the element is not reported/not sufficiently reported.

[†] If the information is not provided in the primary paper, give details of where this information is available. This may include locations such as a published protocol or other published papers (provide citation details) or a website (provide the URL).

[‡] If completing the TIDieR checklist for a protocol, these items are not relevant to the protocol and cannot be described until the study is complete.

- * We strongly recommend using this checklist in conjunction with the TIDieR guide (see BMJ 2014;348:g1687) which contains an explanation and elaboration for each item.
- * The focus of TIDieR is on reporting details of the intervention elements (and where relevant, comparison elements) of a study. Other elements and methodological features of studies are covered by other reporting statements and checklists and have not been duplicated as part of the TIDieR checklist. When a **randomised trial** is being reported, the TIDieR checklist should be used in conjunction with the CONSORT statement (see www.consort-statement.org) as an extension of **Item 5 of the CONSORT 2010 Statement**. When a **clinical trial protocol** is being reported, the TIDieR checklist should be used in conjunction with the SPIRIT statement as an extension of **Item 11 of the SPIRIT 2013 Statement** (see www.spirit-statement.org). For alternate study designs, TIDieR can be used in conjunction with the appropriate checklist for that study design (see www.equator-network.org).

References:

Bartholomew Eldredge LK, Parcel GS, Kok G, Gottlieb NH, Fernandez ME. *Planning health promotion programs: an intervention mapping approach*. 4th ed. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass; 2016.

Bjornstad G, Wilkinson K, Cuffe-Fuller B, Fitzpatrick K, Borek A, Ukoumunne OC, Hawton A, Tarrant M, Berry V, Lloyd J, McDonald A. Healthy Parent Carers peer-led group-based health promotion intervention for parent carers of disabled children: protocol for a feasibility study using a parallel group randomised controlled trial design. *Pilot and Feasibility Studies*. 2019;5(1):1-3.

Bjornstad G, Cuffe-Fuller B, Ukoumunne OC, et al. Healthy Parent Carers: feasibility randomised controlled trial of a peer-led group-based health promotion intervention for parent carers of disabled children. *Pilot Feasibility Stud.* 2021;7(1):144.

Borek AJ, Abraham C, Smith JR, Greaves CJ, Tarrant M. A checklist to improve reporting of group-based behaviour-change interventions. *BMC Public Health*. 2015;15(1):963.

Borek AJ, McDonald B, Fredlund M, Bjornstad G, Logan S, Morris C. Healthy Parent Carers programme: development and feasibility of a novel group-based health-promotion intervention. *BMC Public Health*. 2018;18(1):270.