

Correction: Access to primary healthcare during lockdown measures for COVID-19 in rural South Africa: an interrupted time series analysis

Siedner MJ, Kraemer JD, Meyer MJ, *et al.* Access to primary healthcare during lockdown measures for COVID-19 in rural South Africa: an interrupted time series analysis. *BMJ Open* 2020;10:e043763. doi: 10.1136/bmjopen-2020-043763

This article was previously published with an error in the x-axis of Figure 1. The correct figure is below:

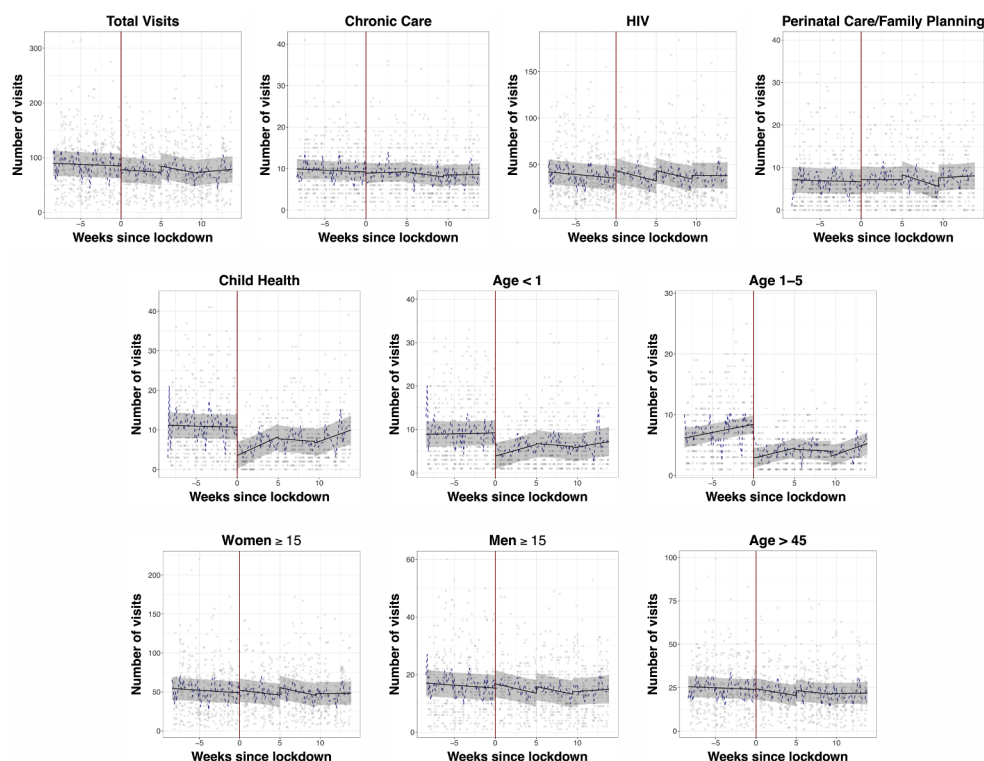


Figure 1 Ambulatory clinic visitation before and after the nationwide lockdown in South Africa at 11 outpatient clinics in rural uMkhanyakude District, KwaZulu-Natal South Africa. Scatter plots represent mean clinic visitation at each clinic on weekdays during the observation period. The black fit line represents the mean visitation across all clinics estimated by postregression margins from a linear regression model, with a regression discontinuity coefficient at the date of the lockdown (27 March 2020, red line). Grey bars represent 95% CIs. The dotted blue line represents the geometric mean of the number of visits across all clinics on each day.

Open access This is an open access article distributed in accordance with the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 Unported (CC BY 4.0) license, which permits others to copy, redistribute, remix, transform and build upon this work for any purpose, provided the original work is properly cited, a link to the licence is given, and indication of whether changes were made. See: <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

© Author(s) (or their employer(s)) 2020. Re-use permitted under CC BY. Published by BMJ.

BMJ Open 2020;10:e043763corr1. doi:10.1136/bmjopen-2020-043763corr1

